

Naval War College Review

Volume 15
Number 2 *March*

Article 6

1962

The Making of the Good Neighbor Policy

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Recommended Citation

Wood, Bryce (1962) "The Making of the Good Neighbor Policy," *Naval War College Review*: Vol. 15 : No. 2 , Article 6.
Available at: <https://digital-commons.usnwc.edu/nwc-review/vol15/iss2/6>

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the prodigious slums of the large cities; the influence and the spread of communism and "Fidelismo," a trend which, according to many of the thinking leaders of Latin America, will in five to ten years, unless blunted, create explosions in the region that will make the Cuban revolt seem cream-puffy by comparison; and the unbelievably primitive, inadequate and class-perpetuating educational facilities and resources. Senator Benton concludes from his observations and experience that the greatest contribution United States assistance could make to the Latin-American countries would be in helping them to help themselves.

Wood, Bryce. *The Making of the Good Neighbor Policy*. New York: Columbia University Press, 1961. 438 p.

This survey of the policies pursued by the United States State Department in its good neighbor objectives toward the nations of South and Central America is not presented as a history, but rather as a study of the policies followed by United States Government officials. It demonstrates their differing and developing ideas of the extent and type of action to be utilized in our new concepts of being a good neighbor to Latin America in the period 1926-1943.

Vali, Ferenc A. *Rift and Revolt in Hungary; Nationalism versus Communism*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1961. 590 p.

For students of Eastern Europe who are interested in developments in Hungary since World War II, this is an invaluable and scholarly work. Professor Ferenc Vali is eminently qualified to write this volume; international lawyer and political scientist, public servant and university professor, he lived in Hungary during the years of which he writes. Although Professor Vali's love for Hungary is reflected in his writing, it only adds to its vividness. The book is thoroughly documented from a wealth of published and unpublished sources, including the polemic writings of